FBIS DAILY REPORT

MIDDLE EAST & SOUTH ASIA REVIEW

12 FEBRUARY 1985

PLO-Jordanian Agreement

PLO Executive Committee Chairman Yasir 'Arafat and Jordanian King Husayn "reached agreement on the formula of the joint Jordanian-Palestinian move for attaining a just and peaceful solution" to the Palestinian issue during their talks at Al-Nadwah Palace on 11 February, Amman radio announced. In a report cited by Jerusalem radio, the East Jerusalém paper *AL-QUDS* disclosed that the agreed formula embodies two principles: land in return for peace and a confederation between the returned territories and Jordan. Commenting on the agreement in remarks reported by Amman radio, 'Arafat said the joint move is based on international legitimacy as represented by UN resolutions that clearly indicate the rights of the Palestinians and he added that the peace process should be promoted through an international peace conference with the PLO participating as a principal party. Noting the collective Arab support for such a conference, 'Arafat said the joint Jordanian-PLO move must be endorsed by a "unified Arab stand" at the next Arab summit, leading to a "comprehensive Arab axis that comprises all the Arab sides without exception." However, the joint agreement was described by Damascus radio as a move to "liquidate" the Palestine question "under the pretext of work for a peaceful settlement."

Israeli political circles viewed the PLO-Jordanian agreement with "skepticism," according to IDF radio, and 'Arafat will have to make "a very long political jump" if he wants to break the consensus in Israel against negotiating with the PLO. The Israeli assessment is that Husayn and 'Arafat decided on tactics and a joint position without reaching any substantive new political decisions, the radio said. Government sources cited by Jerusalem radio likewise contended that the move is "tactical," seeking to arm Saudi King Fahd with "bargaining chips" in Washington.

Following his talks with 'Arafat, King Husayn will visit Algeria on a "working and friendship" visit, according to Algiers radio. QNA said the visit is linked to the Jordanian move to achieve peace in the Middle East. In another development, Egyptian President Husni Mubarak announced that he will meet with King Husayn at the end of February, MENA reported.

Iran-Iraq War

Units from Iraq's 2d Army Corps attacked Iranian positions on the night of 11-12 February, occupying set targets and inflicting "massive" losses on the enemy, an Iraqi military spokesman announced in a statement broadcast by Voice of the Masses radio. Iraqi east of Tigris forces also raided Iranian formations in "two splendid attacks" aimed at silencing enemy sources of fire, the spokesman added. In a subsequent announcement over the radio, an Iraqi spokesman said the Iraqi Air Force hit another "large maritime target" near Khark Island on 12 February. A large Liberian tanker carrying Iranian crude oil was "seriously" damaged by the Iraqi air attack, according to Gulf maritime sources cited by KUNA.

Monitored Iranian media have not mentioned these developments.

Iran

Explosions and similar acts by the "oppressed" peoples of the world against U.S. personnel in Beirut and elsewhere were inevitable reactions to the "oppressions and intolerable aggressions" practiced by the United States, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeyni declared in a message to a parade marking the sixth anniversary of the Islamic Revolution. The message, which was read by an announcer and broadcast by Tehran radio, stressed that Iran had "no part" in any of these explosions, but it called on Muslims and the oppressed to "rise against the source of terrorism centered in the White House." Turning to Iran's internal affairs, Khomeyni urged Majlis deputies to avoid creating a "negative effect" by expressing "superficial" judgments on complex issues and he said Majlis committees should seek the advice of experts on such matters. On the economy he deplored the extension of state ownership as a "lethal disease," emphasizing the need for a flourishing private sector run by those "familiar with commerce" and serving the interests of the "deprived and oppressed." Khomeyni also criticized the media for publicizing "undesirable and trivial arts" and he urged the radio and television to improve their news bulletins, which are "deficient."

Seventy-nine Iranian Air Force planes participated in an airshow over Tehran to mark the revolution anniversary, the Iranian Air Force commander stated in remarks cited by IRNA. Nevertheless, a "large number" of Iranian planes were still protecting Iranian airspace at the warfronts, he contended. Meanwhile, the "millions" of citizens attending the anniversary celebrations in the capital approved a resolution calling for an "all-out attack" on Iraqi forces and condemning the "crimes" of "criminal America and the aggressor Soviet Union," according to the agency. However, in remarks broadcast by Moscow television, Iran's ambassador to the Soviet Union stressed the need for friendly and equal relations between his country and the USSR.

Lebanon

In Tehran, visiting Islamic Unification Movement leader Shaykh Sa'id Sha'ban vowed to take "revenge" against the "infidels" responsible for the 10 February car-bomb attack in Tripoli, according to IRNA.

Egypt

The recent "incident" near the Israeli Embassy was not an explosion but was caused by a "stray bullet" that shattered a window in a nearby apartment, MENA reported. The Israeli Embassy was "absolutely not" the target, according to "informed sources" cited by the agency.

Maghreb: Algerian-Moroccan Relations

The recent "intense contacts" between Algeria and Morocco will result in a summit meeting between President Chadli Bendjedid and King Hassan II, KUNA reported. Earlier, a Moroccan paper cited by MAP criticized Algeria for refusing visas to Algerians wanting to visit relatives in Morocco, linking this development with Algerian military preparations and support for Polisario.

Pakistan-DRA

Pakistan protested to Afghanistan over another "unprovoked attack" by Afghan aircraft, which dropped bombs in the Kurram District area, Karachi radio announced.

FBIS **DAILY REPORT**

CONTENTS

South Asia

Vol VIII No 028 *12 February 1985*

MIDDLE EAST & SOUTH ASIA REVIEW i

AFGHANISTAN

'Soviet Sources': Karmal May Be Ill, Replaced ..... C 1
Meeting Marks State Security Services Anniversary ..... C 1
Sheberghan Party Committee Holds Plenum ..... C 2
Security 'Completely Restored' in Helmand Province ..... C 2
Operations Against Rebels in Farah Successful ..... C 2
Rebels Crushed, Weapons Seized in Konduz ..... C 2
U.S. Expanding Propaganda War Against DRA ..... C 3

BANGLADESH

AFP: Awami League To Boycott 6 April Elections ..... D 1
Nationalist Party To Boycott ..... D 1
PRC Radio, Television Delegation Arrives 11 Feb ..... D 1
Minister on Media 'Cooperation' With Government ..... D 1
Delhi on Installation of First Nuclear Reactor ..... D 2

INDIA

Further on Visit by Poland's Jaruzelski ..... E 1
Spy Case Discussed ..... E 1
Gandhi, Jaruzelski Dinner Speeches ..... E 1
Charge Sheet Filed in Indira Gandhi Case ..... E 1
Envoy to Pakistan Urges Initiatives in Relations ..... E 2
Delhi Cites Zia on Talks With U.S. for Aircraft ..... E 2
10 Officers Arrested for Spying for Pakistan *[THE HINDUSTAN TIMES 2 Feb]* ..... E 2
Sri Lankan Boat Fires on Fishing Boat, 1 Injured ..... E 2
Medical Cooperation Protocol Signed With USSR ..... E 3
PRC Radio, TV Delegation Meets With Gadgil ..... E 3
Cooperation Memorandum Signed ..... E 3
Ministers Resign Following Nomination Denial ..... E 3
No Directive To Resign ..... E 3
No Party Revolt Seen ..... E 3
Gujarat, Uttar Pradesh Resignations ..... E 3
Orissa Minister Resigns ..... E 3
Punjab To Issue Entry Permits to Foreign Visitors ..... E 3
Official Terms Punjab Situation 'Improved' ..... E 4
Ramachandran Sworn In as Tamil Nadu Chief ..... E 4
1 Killed in Srinagar as Police Clash With Mob ..... E 4
India To Investigate East Bloc Spy Network *[London THE DAILY TELEGRAPH 12 Feb]* ..... E 4

PAKISTAN

Afghan Planes 'Violate' Pakistani Airspace ..... F 1
Sind Governor Warns Against Disruption of Polls *[DAWN 4 Feb]* ..... F 1
NAWA-E WAQT on Party Participation in Elections *[6 Feb]* ..... F 1
Bar Association Condemns Soviet 'Aggression' *[PAKISTAN TIMES 4 Feb]* ..... F 2
Afghan Mujahidin Attack Qandahar Airport ..... F 2

OTHER COUNTRIES

NEPAL

Foreign Minister Home After Medical Care in U.S. ..... G 1

SRI LANKA

Joint Operations Council To Direct Security ..... G 1
Composition of Council Announced ..... G 1
Minister on Attempts To Restore Civil Normalcy ..... G 1
Two Arrested for Funding Separatist Movement ..... G 2

IRAN

Ceremonies, Parade Mark Revolution Anniversary ..... I 1
Khomeyni Message ..... I 1
Musavi Praises Revolution ..... I 6
Velayati Speaks in Qom ..... I 7
Ardabili on Revolution's Gains ..... I 7
Resolution Calls for Attack ..... I 7
Parade Celebrates Anniversary ..... I 8
Airshow Performed ..... I 9
Opposition Members Arrested ..... I 9
Opposition Actions Planned *[AFP]* ..... I 9
Demonstrators 'Invade' Office *[AFP]* ..... I 9
AFP: Liberian Tanker Believed Hit Near Khark ..... I 10
Joint Staff Command Issues Communique No 2,001 ..... I 10
Fighting in Bakhtaran, Ilam Provinces Reported ..... I 10
Lebanese Islamic Leader on Tripoli Bombing ..... I 10
KYODO Notes BBC Report on Khomeyni's Health ..... I 11

'Soviet Sources': Karmal May Be Ill, Replaced

AU121151 Paris AFP in English 1149 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Text] Islamabad, Feb 12 (AFP) — Afghan President Babrak Karmal may be ill, according to reports from Soviet sources in Kabul, and he may soon be replaced by his defence minister, General Nazar Muhammed, Western diplomats said here today.

Analysts in Islamabad, however, were sceptical about latest rumours concerning Mr. Karmal's imminent replacement. General Nazar, is a member of the Khalq (People) fraction of the Communist Party while Mr. Karmal belongs to the rival Parcham (Flag) faction.

Observers said the choice of Gen. Nazar would indicate a significant revision of Soviet policy in Afghanistan. However, the diplomats noted that the reports marked the first time since Mr. Karmal came to power in 1979 that Soviet sources had floated such a report.

The 56-year-old secretary-general of the Afghan People's Democratic (Communist) Party and chairman of the Revolutionary Council was last seen in public on February 4 in Kabul at a meeting of tribal chiefs from Helmand Province.

Western diplomats, who watched the ceremony on television, said the head of state appeared to be in good health. However, Mr. Karmal rarely appears in public, and his last provincial tour was in autumn 1983.

Afghan resistance sources here even suggested that since the presidential palace came under guerrilla rocket fire last December, President Karmal has fled to Mazar-e Sharif, a town near the Soviet border.

Gen. Nazar was the Army commander-in-chief until he took over as defence minister on December 3. He has belonged to the party Central Committee since the "April Revolution" of 1978.

In another report on the Afghan conflict, diplomats said that 60 Soviet soldiers were believed to have been killed on January 20 when a military convoy was ambushed by guerrillas outside Qandahar.

Diplomats here, quoting a witness, said that several helicopters flew in the next day to collect the bodies.

A week earlier, they said, Soviet troops machine-gunned customers of a Qandahar bazaar in reprisal for guerrilla attacks against a customs office nearby.

In addition, for the third successive week, Soviet troops were said to be massing in the Shomali plains leading to the Panjshir Valley guerrilla stronghold.

But according to the last message from guerrilla chief Ahmad Shah Massoud, the expected spring offensive by Soviet Afghan forces had not started by early February.

Along the Pakistan border, anti-insurgent forces were reported to be pursuing "mopping up" operations and the Afghan Islamic press of Peshawar said that 25 villagers in Jalalabad had been knifed to death on February 7 by Afghan troops acting on information from an informer.

Meeting Marks State Security Services Anniversary

LD120043 Kabul Domestic Service in Dari 1600 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Excerpts] The 5th anniversary of founding the State Information Services of the DRA [KHAD] was marked today in Kabul at a glorious meeting.

This meeting was attended by Najibullah, member of the Politburo of the PDPA Central Committee and head of KHAD; Mahmud Barialay, candidate member of the Politburo and secretary of the PDPA Central Committee; Brigadier General Muhammad Yasin Saddiqi, secretary of the PDPA Central Committee and head of Army political affairs; Brigadier General Gol Aqa, member of the PDPA Central Committee and vice president of the DRA Revolutionary Council Presidium; Brigadier General Nazar Muhammad, member of the PDPA Central Committee and DRA minister of defense; Brigadier General Sayyed Muhammad Gulabzy, member of the PDPA Central Committee and minister of interior; Brigadier General Muhammad Faruq, member of the PDPA Central Committee and head of the Political Affairs Department of the Ministry of Internal Affairs; Abdul Haq Ulumi, in charge of the Justice and Defense Department of the PDPA Central Committee and secretary of the Central Committee of the Democratic Youth Organization of Afghanistan; a number of advisers from the friendly country of the Soviet Union; and staff and employees of organs and units of KHAD.

The meeting began with the DRA national anthem, followed by a message from Babrak Karmal, general secretary of the PDPA Central Committee and president of the DRA Revolutionary Council, on the occasion of KHAD's 5th anniversary read by Mahmud Barialay. The message says in part:

The PDPA founded KHAD in a sensitive historical moment and gave it the duty of defending the gains of the April Revolution. KHAD's 5 years of work and struggle prove that the State Information Services under PDPA leadership have developed, strengthened, and been transformed into a reliable and militant counterpart of the party and sharp sword in defense of the April Revolution.

Another part of the message reads: The important principles of KHAD's functions are loyalty to the PDPA cause, the April Revolution, and the revolutionary government; maintaining strong and lasting links with the masses; continuation of joint efforts with the DRA's Ministry of Defense and Ministry of Internal Affairs; and continuation of resolute and relentless struggle against the enemies of the people of Afghanistan.

Then Najibullah spoke and he said: On the occasion of KHAD's 5th anniversary, we renew our pledge once again to the party Central Committee, the Politburo, and beloved Comrade Babrak Karmal, general secretary of the PDPA Central Committee and president of the DRA Revolutionary Council, and

promise that under PDPA leadership we will look more critically than ever at our performance to overcome shortcomings and deficiencies.

We know that the KHAD can only preform the task assigned it by the revolution, party, and state when it serves the masses and learns from them. We pledge that we will determine the authority and credibility of our department by its popularity. Our department believes that it can only achieve victory in the enemy's undeclared war when all sections of the Armed Forces, with an iron-like fist, perform their duties with joint effort and coordination. We pledge that the KHAD will be the frontrunner in joint efforts with the Army and the Sarandoy.

Sheberghan Party Committee Holds Plenum
LD081748 Kabul Domestic Service in Dari 1330 GMT 8 Feb 85

[Text] The third plenum of the city party committee in Sherbergan, capital of Jowzjan Province, convened yesterday in light of the decisions and resolutions of the 14th PDPA Central Committee Plenum to further consolidate governmental authority.

At this plenum, which was also attended by Yazi Oilich Dehqan, candidate member of the PDPA Central Committee, the secretary of the city party committee presented a report on the activities and accomplishment of the city party committee during the past 10 months.

Seven participants, consisting of the representatives of the primary party and social organizations then expressed their views concerning the basic report, and in approving it they displayed their preparedness to further consolidate governmental authority in the localities and enhance the role of residential party organizations. The plenum's draft resolution was then unanimously approved.

Security 'Completely Restored' in Helmand Province
LD092002 Kabul Domestic Service in Dari 1530 GMT 9 Feb 85

[Text] The session of the members of the joint headquarters, Helmand Province, was recently convened in the Helmand Province conference hall. The session was attended by Abdul Majid Sarboland, member of the PDPA Central Committee and deputy chairman of the DRA Council of Ministers.

At this session, attended also by Muhammad Hakim, head of the southern zone, reports were presented by Governor of Helmand Khan Jan, Sarandoy commander and military commissar of Helmand Province, on the progress of the process of conscription and call-up, and work among the tribes and nationalities.

These reports in part say:

The work of conscription and call-up has advanced 260 percent [as heard] since 21 March 1984 until now in accordance with the plan; and more than 500 patriotic youths have voluntarily joined the ranks of the country's Armed Forces.

The Sarandoy ranks of Helmand Province have been filled and security in this province, after crushing counterrevolutionary elements, has been completely restored.

The Helmand Province tribes and nationalities have further consolidated their links with the party and government organs and take active part in the solution of local issues through the formation of 12 tribal jirgas and creation of 5 consultative commissions.

At this session it was decided that the gathering center and the offices of the military commissariat of this province, should be reconstructed.

The session's work was postively assessed by the vice chairman of the DRA Council of Ministers and he expressed satisfaction at the result of work and activities of the respective officials.

Operations Against Rebels in Farah Successful
LD102125 Kabul Domestic Service in Dari 1600 GMT 10 Feb 85

[Text] As a result of the courageous security forces' successful operations in various corners of the country the satanic nests of the rebels were destroyed and our compatriots are being relieved from the evil of their crimes.

The recent successful operations carried out in the environs of Anar Darrah District, Farah Province, resulted in the crushing of a number of counterrevolutionary elements and the seizure of a large quantity of weapons, ammunition, and documents, clearly establishing their direct links with foreign [countries].

Two counterrevolutionary food-supply depots were also seized and the so-called cultural committees and hideouts of the murderer bands of Harakat-e Enqalabi were destroyed.

In accordance with another report, several of the deceived individuals who had established links with the murderer bands of the so-called Jami'at-e Eslami, due to the counterrevolutionaries' hostile propaganda have recently surrendered to the security authorities of Fariab Province, bringing their weapons with them, and thus availing themselves of the Revolutionary Council's general amnesty decree.

In repenting their past deeds, they gave the assurance to defend the motherland and crush the counterrevolutionaries.

Rebels Crushed, Weapons Seized in Konduz
LD091553 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1430 GMT 9 Feb 85

[Text] As a result of the successful operations by the country's vigilant security forces of Qal'eh-ye Zal District, Konduz Province, a number of the rebels, including their ringleaders, Nabi and Nader, belonging to Jami'at-e Eslami band, were crushed and 96 of these criminals with their ringleader, Khodoy Nazer, were captured.

Various weapons were seized by the security forces.

Brigadier General Gol Aqa, vice chairman of the DRA Revolutionary Council Presidium, inspected these combat operations of the courageous security forces in Qal'eh-ye Zal District, Konduz Province.

A meeting was also held in the district to mark the victory of the brave security forces in these operations. This meeting was attended by more than 1500 including the elders and representative of the villages and hamlets.

At this meeting, 300 youths of Qal'eh-ye Zal volunteered to join the ranks of the Armed Forces for the defense of the honor, homeland, and gains of the April Revolution.

U.S. Expanding Propaganda War Against DRA

LD100806 Kabul BAKHTAR in English 0534 GMT 10 Feb 85

[Text] Kabul, February 9, BAKHTAR — A political commentator of BAKHTAR Information Agency writes:

Reagan administration by spending billions of dollars through the US intelligence agency, CIA, has taken a new step for expanding the dimension of the propaganda and psychological war against the Soviet Union and Afghanistan.

Recently, Tel Aviv has agreed to allow the construction of a radio station of the Voice of America on the territory of Israel. The broadcasts from here will be beamed mainly towards the Asian republic of the Soviet Union.

The establishment of the subversive radio station once again testifies to the fact that the US circles are out to intensify their psychological war against the forces of peace and progress, and against socialism throughout the world, including our region.

The United States in collusion with the Western capitalist countries and other reactionary countries has further activated the great imperialist propaganda machine for misleading the public opinion of the world about the facts concerning the progressive countries of the world. The United States alone annually spends about five billion dollars for the expansion of psychological and propaganda war and hundreds of the people have been employed by CIA for making such filthy propaganda abroad.

The United States has established such subversive radio networks not only in Israel but in the Central America, Pakistan and other parts of the world.

Right now, the so-called Radio "Free Europe" and "Radio Liberty" are operating from the soil of Pakistan. Their activity is being managed and controlled by CIA. These radio stations carry out false propaganda against the DRA and the USSR.

These devilish forces are striving hard to lead the world public opinion astray from the known facts.

The United States through establishing subversive radio stations is violating the recognised international norms and under the name of freedom and democracy is intervening in the affairs of the countries possessing national sovereignty and territorial integrity.

AFP: Awami League To Boycott 6 April Elections

HK111330 Hong Kong AFP in English 1309 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Dhaka, Feb 11 (AFP) — Bangladesh's major opposition party, the Awami League, has announced that it will boycott parliamentary polls scheduled for April 6 because the voting is to be held under martial law.

The Awami League, which leads the opposition 15-party alliance, charged in a statement after a meeting of its central working committee last night that elections under martial law would be "nothing but a farce."

Military ruler President Hussain Mohammed Ershad postponed parliamentary elections twice last year in the face of opposition boycott threats.

He dissolved parliament and suspended the Constitution on assuming power in March 1982, but promised to reintroduce democracy later.

The boycott decision came after authorisation on Saturday by the party executive committee following consulation with district secretaries. The Awami League has consistently demanded that martial law should be lifted before the polls to ensure free and fair voting and suggested that President Ershad should stay neutral during any polls.

In his latest bid to secure opposition cooperation this time, President Ershad suggested a phased withdrawal of martial law ahead of polls on April 6. In the last two months, the government has relaxed martial law, disbanded the zonal and district martial law offices and courts and partly restored fundamental rights reinstating the writ jurisdictions of the Supreme Court.

Meanwhile the Bangladesh Nationalist Party (BNP), which heads the seven-party alliance — the country's second major opposition group, is meeting today to discuss the polls issue, party sources said. Informed sources said the liaison committee of the two opposition alliances was expected to meet tomorrow to discuss their future course of action and the election.

Nationalist Party To Boycott

NC111956 Paris AFP in English 1941 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Dhaka, Feb 11 (AFP) — Bangladesh Nationalist Party (BNP) chief Begum Khaleda Zia said today her party would not take part in national polls on April 6 because the government had failed to create an atmosphere which would allow free and fair elections.

She told a meeting of BNP Central Committee members that after analysing the military government's latest offer for polls and a phased withdrawal of martial law, her party had come to the conclusion that the existing political atmosphere would not ensure an impartial vote.

"We are not opposed to elections. We believe in polls, but polls in a congenial political atmosphere where voting can be free and impartial," she told the meeting.

The BNP leader alleged that President Hussain Mohammed Ershad had sidetracked the opposition five-point demand aimed at ending martial law and restoring democracy through impartial polls.

"The question now is not whether we will participate in the polls or not... the question today is whether the polls will be impartial under the present regime," she said.

The BNP is the senior partner of the opposition seven-party alliance which has consistently refused to participate in polls under martial law.

President Ershad suspended Parliament and the Constitution and imposed martial law when he took power in a bloodless coup in March 1982. He twice postponed polls last year in the face of opposition boycott threats.

PRC Radio, Television Delegation Arrives 11 Feb

BK111040 Dhaka Domestic Service in Bengali 0900 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] A 6-member Chinese radio and television delegation arrived in Dhaka this afternoon. The delegation is led by Ma Qingxiong, PRC vice minister for radio and television. Speaking to newsmen at the airport, he said that the visit will enhance the friendship between Bangladesh and China. In particular, their mutual relations will further expand in the radio and television sector and cultural contacts and exchanges between the two countries will increase. He said that the delegation will convey the goodwill of the Chinese people for the people of Bangladesh. Information Secretary Manzural Karim welcomed the delegation at Zia International Airport. The Chinese ambassador to Dhaka was also present on the occasion.

Minister on Media 'Cooperation' With Government

BK110302 Dhaka Domestic Service in English 0110 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] The information minister, Mr A.R. Yusuf, has urged the media to project views on national angle. [sentence as heard] He was talking to the editors of national dailies and news agencies in Dhaka yesterday. He also underlined that the views of the government should be projected correctly. He assured that on broader national and sensitive issues, the government will take the editors into confidence for forging better understanding and cooperation.

The minister expressed the hope that the national press will extend all cooperation to the government during this critical period and help the government in its efforts to restore a representative government. He said he will work with the assistance and cooperation of the editors and newsmen and try his utmost to resolve the problems facing the press. Mr Yusuf said he will meet the editors frequently and that the press consultative committee will meet once a month. He also assured that the committee set up for examination of the proposals for implementing the recommendations of the press commission will be activated so that it can submit its recommendations shortly.

Delhi on Installation of First Nuclear Reactor

BK101359 Delhi General Overseas Service in English 1330 GMT 10 Feb 85

[Text] In Bangladesh, the first nuclear research reactor will be installed at the Atomic Energy Center northwest of Dhaka by next month. Official sources said in Dhaka today that the 3 megawatt reactor has been bought from a U.S. firm for $4.5 million. The sources said it will be used for research in medicine, agriculture, and industry.

Further on Visit by Poland's Jaruzelski

Spy Case Discussed

BK111621 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1530 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] The visiting prime minister of Poland, General Jaruzelski, has expressed his country's support for the initiative taken by the six nations to bring about a halt to the nuclear armament race. General Jaruzelski mentioned this during his talks with the prime minister, Mr Rajiv Gandhi, in New Delhi this afternoon.

The talks between the two prime ministers lasted more than 100 minutes. The aides of the two prime ministers and the ambassadors of both the countries were present during the talks.

Briefing newsmen later, an official spokesman said that Mr Rajiv Gandhi told Gen Jaruzelski that in the next few months the leaders of Argentina, Mexico, Sweden, Greece, Tanzania, and India will be visiting all the capitals of nuclear power countries to explain the message of the six-nation summit held in New Delhi recently.

The prime minister of Poland assured his country's cooperation with India and other peace-loving countries in raising the matter in international forums. In this context, they referred to the preparations being made to celebrate the 40th anniversary of the United Nations.

On bilateral issues, both leaders felt that there should be a greater diversification in trade. In a parallel meeting between the Indian ministers and the members of the visiting Polish delegation bilateral relations came in for a detailed examination. It was noted that there has been an increase of 20 percent in trade during the last year over that of 1983. As a result of the agreement reached during the joint commission's meeting held recently, it is expected that there will be a further increase of 30 percent in trade during the coming year. Poland felt that the rupee payment agreement should continue. In a review of the international economic situation, the Indian delegation referred to the proposal made at the seventh nonaligned summit for convening an international conference on money and finance.

About India's relations with her neighbors, the delegation pointed out the success of the recent meeting of the standing committee of South Asian Regional Cooperation held in Maldives. The talks, which lasted for about 2 hours, were attended by Finance Minister Mr Vishwanath Pratap Singh; steel minister, Mr Vasant Sathe; the chairman of the policy planning committee, Mr G. Parthasarathy; the minister of state for external affairs, Mr Khurshid Alam Khan; the minister of state for industry, Mr Arief Mohammad Khan; the minister of state for science and technology, Mr Shiv Raj Patil; and the secretaries to the concerned ministries. The Polish delegation was led by the minister of foreign affairs, Mr Stefan Olszowski.

In reply to a question about the reported involvement of a Polish diplomat in New Delhi in the spy scandal case, the official spokesman said that Mr Rajiv Gandhi drew the attention of the prime minister of Poland to this matter.

Gandhi, Jaruzelski Dinner Speeches

BK120313 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0240 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Text] India and Poland have expressed concern over growing global tension and called for a complete disarmament applicable to both nuclear and conventional weapons.

The common concern was expressed at a dinner hosted by the prime minister, Mr Rajiv Gandhi, in honor of the visiting Polish prime minister, General Jaruzelski, in New Delhi last night.

Mr Rajiv Gandhi said the induction of sophisticated armaments and the building of bases in India's neighborhood have increased tension in the subcontinent. He said efforts must be continued to bring the Iran-Iraq war to an end and to provide justice and dignity to the people of Palestine. Mr Gandhi called for more efforts to eradicate racial discrimination and oppression in South Africa.

Mr Gandhi expressed the need for prompt action by the world community to help the famine-stricken African countries. He reiterated that India not only seeks peace with its neighbors but in every part of the world. Mr Gandhi recalled the efforts made by Nonaligned Movement and the recent 6-nation summit held in New Delhi in this connection.

Referring to bilateral relations between India and Poland, Mr Rajiv Gandhi said there is vast potential for expanding trade and economic exchanges.

The Polish prime minister, Gen Jaruzelski, in his reply said Poland is keenly in favor of using outer space for peaceful purposes only. He appreciated India's commitment to world peace and lauded the role it is playing in the Nonaligned Movement.

The Polish premier offered his country's full support to the initiatives of the 6-nation summit for peace and disarmament. He expressed confidence that Poland and India will continue to work for peace and progress in the world.

Charge Sheet Filed in Indira Gandhi Case

BK120339 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0240 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Text] A charge sheet has been filed in a Delhi court in the Indira Gandhi assassination case. It has accused Satwant Singh, Balbir Singh, and Kehar Singh along with the slain assassin Beant Singh for entering into a criminal conspiracy to kill Mrs Indira Gandhi.

The charge sheet was filed yesterday in the court of the additional chief metropolitan magistrate, Mr S.L. Khanna, who has been designated by the Delhi High Court to hold trial for (?committed) proceedings in the case.

According to the 20-page charge sheet, Balbir Singh had motivated the slain assassin Beant Singh and the surviving assassin Satwant Singh to kill Mrs Gandhi.

Envoy to Pakistan Urges Initiatives in Relations

BK100319 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0240 GMT 10 Feb 85

[Text] The Indian ambassador in Pakistan, Mr K.D. Sharma, has called for fresh initiatives to enlarge the range and contents of cooperative relationship between India and Pakistan in various fields. He was addressing a gathering at Rawalpindi's National Defense College yesterday.

He said the trial and punishment of hijackers of the Indian aircraft and a healthier attitude by certain sections of the media in Pakistan are some of the important features which shape the future course of relations between the two countries.

Delhi Cites Zia on Talks With U.S. for Aircraft

BK101619 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0830 GMT 10 Feb 85

[Text] President Ziaul Haq has said Pakistan is negotiating for the U.S.-made Hawkeye electronic surveillance aircraft. This will enable his country to monitor the ground and airspace on its borders. In an interview with a magazine — (*SOUTH*) — published from London, General Zia said he would like to have the AWACS, but they are expensive.

President Zia indicated that he wants American military-cum-economic assistance to continue beyond 1986 when the present package of over $3 billion ends.

Referring to the situation in his country, he made it clear that martial law will not be lifted in the near future, nor would he step down as Army chief of staff immediately.

Gen Zia said his recent meeting with prime minister, Mr Rajiv Gandhi, has made him confident of better Indo-Pakistan relations. A strong and stable India is in the interest of all countries in the region, he said.

10 Officers Arrested for Spying for Pakistan

BK100410 Delhi THE HINDUSTAN TIMES in English 2 Feb 85 p 1

[Text] Jammu, Feb 1 (PTI) — In a recent crackdown against the Pakistan espionage network in the northern sector recently, the intelligence authorities have arrested 10 Defence personnel on the charge of espionage and supplying important information to Pakistan.

According to reliable sources, these Army personnel include some commissioned officers at rank of captain. They were recently arrested and are being interrogated.

The sources declined to disclose the names of those officers and said that this gang was busted after the arrest of an ex-serviceman, Aya Singh, who was working as a daily wager in the Army and was nabbed by the security forces while attempting to cross over to Pakistan.

Some important documents pertaining to locations of Army units and other information of Army units and other information were recovered from his possession.

On the clue provided by Aya Singh, these arrests were made. The joint teams of the different intelligence agencies are investigating the case. The sources also said that some more arrests are expected shortly.

Meanwhile, the state intelligence authorities claim to have busted an active gang of Pakistan spies by apprehending one Abdul Rasheed, the kingpin of the gang, from the fashionable Jewel Chowk of the Jammu city last evening.

According to official sources, Abdul Rasheed, a resident of Sialkot in Pakistan, was arrested and some important documents were recovered from his possession.

Five Indian nationals have been arrested on the clue provided by Abdul Rasheed. They are stated to be the active members of the espionage network. They have been shifted to an interrogation centre in Jammu.

According to official reports, another spy gang operating on the border, was busted last month with the arrest of one Chanan Din, a resident of Mandhar village in the Pak-occupied Kashmir, and 34 others.

Chanan Din was nabbed at Keerni village, six km from the border town of Poonch, while he was trying to cross over to Pakistan, carrying some important Army documents. A foreign-made revolver and three books on the Indian Army were recovered from him.

Chanan Din had also disclosed that he was trained at special camps set up by Pakistan to impart training in subversive activities to extremists and Pakistan agents. The training was supervised by the Secret Subversive Group (SSG) of the guerilla force in the Pakistan-occupied Kashmir.

Recently four Pak agents with "definite plan of sabotage" were nabbed at Kapwara and Uri border areas of Kashmir valley, official sources said. The border area of Balakot in Poonch district is the crossing point for the extremists and Pak agents, the sources said.

Sri Lankan Boat Fires on Fishing Boat, 1 Injured

BK121248 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1230 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Text] An Indian fisherman has been seriously injured when a Sri Lankan patrol boat fired at a mechanized boat near Kodaikanal last night. UNITED NEWS OF INDIA, quoting police sources at Rameswaram, says the fisherman and four other occupants of the boat were first detained by the Sri Lankan naval personnel and later released. The injured was rushed to hospital in Ramanathapuram. According to a spokesman of the Rameswaram Fishermen Association, 20 other fishermen, who went out in four boats in the area, are still missing.

Medical Cooperation Protocol Signed With USSR

BK091205 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0830 GMT 9 Feb 85

[Text] India and the Soviet Union have signed a protocol to increase cooperation in the fields of medical sciences and public health. New areas identified include the liver cell transfusion therapy, traditional systems of medicine, and monitoring the health aspects of environment. The two countries also agreed to exchange delegations and specific plans of cooperation during the next 2 years. The protocol was signed in New Delhi this morning. The 6-day meeting reviewed the results of cooperation in medical sciences and public health during the last 2 years.

PRC Radio, TV Delegation Meets With Gadgil

BK070347 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0240 GMT 7 Feb 85

[Text] India and China have expressed the hope that there will be greater exchange of radio and television programs between the two countries. Speaking at a function in New Delhi, the minister for information and broadcasting, Mr V.N. Gadgil, said India wants to have friendship with all its neighbors and wants to further the cause of peace.

The Chinese vice minister for radio and TV, Mr Qingxiong, who is leading a 7-member delegation, hoped that friendship between India and China will be strengthened further.

Cooperation Memorandum Signed

BK111710 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1530 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] India and China have agreed to promote cooperation in the field of radio and television and to exchange programs. A memorandum of understanding to this effect has been signed between the two countries. Under it, the two countries agreed in principle for coproduction of television documentaries and features. The modalities of exchange of programs are to be settled by mutual discussions.

The radio and TV organizations of the two countries are also to provide suitable programs to celebrate each other's national days. Visits of teams of reporters from radio and TV will also be encouraged. The memorandum was signed by the secretary of Information and Broadcasting Ministry, Mr S.S. Gill, and the Chinese vice minister in the Ministry of Radio and Television, Mr Ma Qingxiong, in New Delhi.

Ministers Resign Following Nomination Denial

No Directive To Resign

BK081609 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1530 GMT 8 Feb 85

[Text] The Congress-I general secretary, Mr Srikant Verma, has said the partymen, who have filed nominations with a hope of getting tickets, should withdraw in favor of the party nominees. Otherwise, actions will be taken against them. Speaking to newsmen in New Delhi today, Mr Verma said the party high command has not given any directive to any minister to resign.

No Party Revolt Seen

BK101611 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1530 GMT 10 Feb 85

[Text] The Congress-I general secretary, Mr Srikant Verma, has said that he does not foresee any revolt in the Congress-I following denial of nominations to many expectants for the assembly elections. He said that strong disciplinary action will be taken against those Congress-I workers who challenged the official candidates defying the party directives.

Gujarat, Uttar Pradesh Resignations

BK090934 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0830 GMT 9 Feb 85

[Text] In Gujarat, two deputy ministers, who were denied Congress-I tickets to contest the assembly elections, have resigned. Mr Mohamedhusain Baloch and Mr Lalitbhai Parmar submitted their resignations to the chief minister, Mr Madhavsinh Solanki, yesterday.

The Uttar Pradesh deputy minister, Mr Shyamlal Bajpai, has submitted his resignation to the chief minister, Mr N.D. Tiwari. Mr Bajpai is not among the Congress-I candidates contesting the assembly election in the state.

Orissa Minister Resigns

BK111028 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0830 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] In Orissa, the minister of state for cooperation, Mr Kauanria Majhi, has resigned from the Council of Ministers. Mr Majhi is the second minister to resign for being denied a ticket for the assembly elections.

Earlier, the finance minister, Mr Raghunath Patnaik, resigned on the same issue.

Punjab To Issue Entry Permits to Foreign Visitors

BK121313 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1230 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Text] The center today empowered the home secretary of Punjab to issue special permits to foreign passport holders to visit the state. A notification issued in New Delhi today says such permits will be given to those who intend to visit Punjab to promote the state's industrial exports and commercial interests.

Foreign passport holders desirous of visiting their relatives in emergencies like illness or in connection with family business would also be eligible for such permits. Persons whose spouses are Indian citizens and residing in Punjab can also seek the entry permit.

Official Terms Punjab Situation 'Improved'

BK120518 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0240 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Text] The senior adviser to Punjab Governor Mr R.V. Subramaniam has said that the law and order situation in Punjab has improved considerably. Talking to newsmen in Vellore yesterday, he said organized terrorism and violence have been completely tackled and only sporadic incidents have taken place.

Ramachandran Sworn In as Tamil Nadu Chief

BK100905 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0830 GMT 10 Feb 85

[Excerpt] Mr M.G. Ramachandran was sworn in as the Tamil Nadu chief minister in Madras this morning. The governor, Mr S.L. Khurana, administered the oath of office and secrecy to Mr Ramachandran at a simple ceremony in Raj Bhavan [Governor House].

The deputy speaker of the Lok Sabha, the chief justice of Madras High Court, the speaker of the State Assembly and the chairman of the Legislative Council, besides other officials, were present at the ceremony. Mr Ramachandran has assumed office as chief minister for the third consecutive term. The list of the new Council of Ministers will be submitted to governor on Tuesday.

1 Killed in Srinagar as Police Clash With Mob

BK111629 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1530 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] In Srinagar, one person was killed when police opened fire today to control a violent mob. According to an official press note, some miscreants stopped a police vehicle and set it on fire. When the attempt to disperse the stone-throwing mob by using teargas and lathi [baton] charge failed, the police resorted to firing in the air.

A stray bullet hit a person who later died of the injuries. A number of policemen and an officer were injured in the stone-throwing.

The incident followed a bundh [strike] call given by some supporters of the so-called Kashmir Liberation Front in memory of Maqbool Butt, who was executed a year ago for committing murder. According to official sources, the miscreants also threw [fire]crackers near the residence of a judge and Srinagar court premises in an attempt to create panic.

All India Radio Srinagar correspondent reports that barring the incidents in the inner city, life in other parts of Srinagar and the rest of valley remained normal.

Meanwhile, the president of the ruling National Conference, Begum Khalida Shah, has alleged that supporters of the faction led by Dr Farooq Abdullah and Awami Action Committee of Mirwaiz Maulvi Farooq took an active part in today's violent incidents in some parts of the city.

India To Investigate East Bloc Spy Network

PM111243 London THE DAILY TELEGRAPH in English 11 Feb 85 p 5

[Balram Tandon dispatch: "India To Study the Soviet Spy Network"]

[Text] India's counter-intelligence agencies have been ordered to make a thorough study of the extent, ramifications, and methods of espionage by the KGB and the undercover organisations of Russia's East European satellites.

The study is to be conducted on a world-wide scale with the research and analysis wing, the cover name for India's overseas intelligence service, feeding back material and guidelines. The research and analysis wing was set up by direction of Mrs Gandhi, the late prime minister, and has operatives in every country.

Because of India's warm relations with the Soviet Union, Indian intelligence work there and in the Eastern Bloc has generally been limited to keeping track of Indian Communists, who are frequent visitors, and the Chinese. Within India itself a very skimpy watch has been kept on Soviet and East European intelligence operations, and Indian officials say they know very little.

Even such incidents as the arrest of an Indian public relations officer suspected of close links with the Romanians, the suicide of a Russian trading agent in Calcutta, and the mysterious disappearance of another, have failed to prompt any searching investigation of what the KGB is up to in India.

Since the alleged confessions of Coomar Narayan, said to be the kingpin in India's current spy scandal, and six of his alleged accomplices, the focus has shifted sharply to the KGB and East European personnel, not only in embassies but also in trading missions and among journalists.

Apart from the close relationship with them generally fostered by Pandit Nehru, independent India's first prime minister, and even more by his daughter, Mrs Gandhi, the communist countries, China excepted, have had a decided advantage in India because of India's Communist Party. Between 1967 and 1977 it was closely linked with Mrs Gandhi's Congress Party and was its main electoral ally.

Intelligence officials in New Delhi appear somewhat confused as to the Soviet KGB's methods and the extent of its operations and penetration of the government.

The officials seem to be divided into two schools of thought. One is that the KGB operates only on a restricted scale in India because it can rely on members of the pro-Moscow Communist Party of India, or trade-union workers, and on trading officials to do things for it. Also according to this theory the KGB uses emissaries of East European countries to gather information.

According to the second school of thought the KGB has a very extensive network of its own in India. The Soviet Union has opened cultural centres and trading offices in several towns, and

large numbers of Soviet experts are working in projects undertaken in collaboration with the Soviet Union.

According to this theory the KGB's tentacles now reach deeply into the Indian Government. The Soviet presence is very visible. People who travel extensively in India find a Russian on almost every flight, and there are hundreds of flights crisscrossing the country every day. There has been a marked increase in the number of Soviet correspondents and of those from all the East European countries not only in New Delhi but also in other metropolitan centres such as Bombay, Madras, and Calcutta.

The Soviet papers *PRAVDA* and *IZVESTIYA* maintain staff correspondents not only in Delhi but also in the other metropolitan centres. TASS, the Soviet news agency, does likewise. The alleged confessions of Coomar Narayan and others have revealed a completely new aspect - the use of Indian businessmen in the export trade who frequently visit the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe.

Since the revelations and the wide publicity given to the spy scandal Soviet and East European personnel have kept a very low profile.

Whatever the results of the study, it is clear that Indian intelligence agencies will now be more wary of the KGB than in the past.

Afghan Planes 'Violate' Pakistani Airspace

BK120812 Karachi Overseas Service in Urdu 0800 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Text] Two Afghan aircraft again violated Pakistan's airspace and dropped two bombs near (Khwabnate) in the Kurram District area. Three refugee women sustained minor injuries. Pakistan lodged a strong protest with the Afghan charge d'affaires this morning regarding this unprovoked attack. The Afghan charge d'affaires was told the Kabul authorites must desist from such attacks, failing which they will be held solely responsible for the serious consequences.

Sind Governor Warns Against Disruption of Polls

GF081528 Karachi DAWN in English 4 Feb 85 p 1

[Excerpts] Karachi, Feb 3 — Sind Governor Lt-Gen Jahan Dad Khan said here on Sunday that any attempt to disrupt polls in the province would be dealt with sternly.

For, he contended, election was a democratic process which had to be conducted in a peaceful, fair and free atmosphere. The government owed it to people that law and order was maintained, while people on their part were expected to observe decorums in their public conduct, he emphasised.

Lt-Gen Jahan Dad Khan, who was talking to newsmen informally at the governor house, was answering a question about the MRD's call to boycott the coming election.

His attention was drawn to posters, appearing in public places, which called on people to boycott the election. The matter had not been reported to him, but he said he would deal with it accordingly.

"You may or may not vote, that is your personal affair, but you should not prevent others from voting because that is unfair", the governor remarked.

In another context, he said no candidate, irrespective of his rank, office or status, would be allowed to exploit his position. He had been watching the situation in this regard and so far he had not received any specific complaint, he added.

In reply to another question, he said all administrative arrangements had been made in consultation with the provincial election commission to ensure that the election was held freely and fairly under the electoral rules and guidelines.

Every voter was free to vote for whomsoever he preferred, and the government had made security arrangements to ensure that he (voter) was not interfered with.

"Let there be no doubt in anyone's mind; the election will be held under foolproof conditions of peace, freedom and tolerance", the governor said.

He said he had consulted oldtime politicians who agreed that the coming election to be conducted under specific rules would be far better than the previous ones held in a free-for-all manner. Face-to-face and door-to-door canvassing was more economical and more convincing to catch votes than the holding of mass public meetings, he observed.

Asked whether he was inclined to releasing the remaining political prisoners in Sind, the governor said that, as explained earlier, it was being decided on a case-to-case basis. He told newsmen that, subject to the dictates of public interest, no detainee would remain incarcerated a day longer than necessary.

He described the law and order situation in Sind as 'satisfactory,' but stressed that there was no need to be complacent about it. Steps, however, were being taken to further equip and train police personnel, to improve their working conditions and to open emergency police centres to meet any eventuality, he said.

The governor also held out an assurance that though the concerned ministers were busy in electioneering, their official work was not in the least hampered. Besides, work on the ADP (Annual Development Plan) was continuing at the required pace and in keeping with the set targets. He felt sure that the plan would yield good results for the economy.

Replying to a question, the governor said he expected to call a session of the newly-elected provincial assembly by the middle of next month.

He evaded answering questions about his meeting with Khwaja Khairuddin or whether he was still in contact with any of the MRD leaders.

Asked as to how he looked at a minister contesting election against another minister, the governor replied: "This is a democratic tradition; the government has no mind to interfere in it."

NAWA-E WAQT on Party Participation in Elections

GF110848 Lahore NAWA-E WAQT in Urdu 6 Feb 85 p 3

[Editorial: "The Responsibility of Parties Participating in Polls"]

[Excerpts] In an interview with a Saudi newspaper, President General Mohammad Ziaul Haq said that he will throw off his army uniform when a parliamentary (assembly and senate) session is held. This will mark the beginning of his 5-year term as the elected president. But the implementation of this change will depend on maximum participation of the people in the elections, that is, their actual presence at the polling stations is required so that the polls are effective.

It is also necessary that a proper atmosphere conducive to voting be created, which means that all necessary facilities should be provided for candidates to meet their voters. The ban on loudspeakers at public meetings should be relaxed somewhat, if not removed.

Candidates will undoubtedly participate in the elections in large numbers. In some constituencies, 4 to 8 candidates are participating, and in others there are 12 to 14 candidates, but the only

political activity seen so far is the putting up of some banners and posters and a few meetings in private homes. Under these circumstances, a survey should be conducted so that immediate steps are taken to ensure reliable election results. The use of loudspeakers would be useful in canvassing. The political parties participating in the nonparty polls must ensure that the candidates they propose have a high moral character. They also should see that they discharge their responsibilities in the best possible manner through negotiation and compromise.

This is the time to take stock. If the parties boycotting the elections manage to unite and compromise even for a negative purpose, it should be easy for the parties taking part in the elections to make positive efforts to effectively ensure the success of honest and capable candidates. Any indifference to this matter is tantamount to deliberately ignoring an important political obligation.

Bar Association Condemns Soviet 'Aggression'
GF091240 Rawalpindi PAKISTAN TIMES in English 4 Feb 85 p 12

[Text] The Lahore High Court Bar Association [LHCBA] on Sunday condemned the 5-year-old Soviet aggression on Afghanistan and demanded immediate withdrawal of the Soviet forces.

While adopting a resolution, the LHCBA regretted that no practical steps had so far been taken on the calls made by the Organisation of Islamic Conference and a number of other states.

The resolution said that according to latest statistics over 10 lakh Muslims have been killed by the Soviet forces and 35 lakh have been compelled to take refuge in Pakistan and Iran.

The Lahore High Court Bar Association while saluting the determination of Afghan mujahidin appealed to the Islamic countries, particularly, the oil producing states, to generate 10 million dollars for purchase of modern arms for the mujahidin. The resolution said that this financial aid could help them oust the Soviet forces from Afghanistan.

The LHCBA meeting was chaired by Khalid Mehmood, president of the association.

Afghan Mujahidin Attack Qandahar Airport
BK111614 Karachi Domestic Service in Urdu 1500 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Reports from Afghanistan say that Afghan mujahidin attacked Qandahar Airport recently and destroyed its oil depots and damaged a MIG aircraft and two helicopters. Many soldiers of the Soviet Union and Karmal administration were killed in this attack.

According to another report, mujahidin attacked a convoy of Soviet-Karmal forces coming from Herat to (Pashtun Bagh) and inflicted heavy loss of life and property. Another report says they foiled an attempt by Soviet-Karmal forces to send reinforcements to the besieged troops in Barikowt cantonment.

NEPAL

Foreign Minister Home After Medical Care in U.S.

BK111700 Katmandu External Service in English 1450 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Minister for Foreign Affairs Padma Bahadur Khatri returned to Katmandu this morning after undergoing medical treatment in the United States. Talking to press at Tribhuvan Airport, Minister Khatri said he is feeling fine.

Mr Khatri had left for New York as the head of the Nepali delegation to the 39th General Assembly of the United Nations on 12 September.

SRI LANKA

Joint Operations Council To Direct Security

HK120726 Hong Kong AFP in English 0703 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Text] Colombo, Feb 12 (AFP) — The Sri Lanka Government has revamped its security establishment in a fresh bid to combat Tamil separatism in the country, National Security Minister Lalith Athulathmudali said.

Colombo yesterday set up a Joint Operations Council (JOC) superceding the existing National Security Council, with President Jayewardene at its head. It will also include the prime minister and the national security minister.

Mr. Athulathmudali told AGENCE FRANCE-PRESSE that the new body would decide and direct security operations as well as coordinate the fight against separatism in the north and east which has claimed at least 525 lives since mid-November.

Army Commander Major-General Tissa Weeratunge was promoted lieutenant-general and named general officer coordinating joint operations. He will report directly to President Jayewardene who is also the commander-in-chief of the Armed Forces.

Brigadier Nalin Seneviratne, who was commander of the northern forces fighting the separatists, was appointed Army commander and promoted to major-general.

The new arrangements came shortly after the leader of the main opposition party, former Prime Minister Sirima Bandaranaike, called for a general election on the grounds the government has neither a political nor military solution to the problem of Tamil "terrorism."

Mrs. Bandaranaike told a suburban rally of her Sri Lanka Freedom Party (SLFP) that the people must be given the opportunity of electing a government which could find a political solution to the separatist problem.

She charged that there was no government control in the north and east, where some of the country's 2.5 million Tamils want to set up an independent state.

Although thousands of soldiers were deployed in the north, the lack of sophisticated weapons made it difficult to curb "terrorism," she said.

President Junius Jayewardene has ruled out an early general election, officially due in 1989, but has said he would hold by-elections to some vacant parliamentary seats.

Meanwhile, Mr. Athulathmudali denied a report in the London *TIMES* that some 32 men were shot dead by the Army in a village near the northern city of Mannar about 12 days ago.

"It is absolute rubbish," he told AFP, adding that no such incident had occurred.

The new Army commander, Gen. Seneviratne, also told AFP that the story was false.

Composition of Council Announced

BK121121 Colombo International Service in English 1030 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Text] A joint operations council has been set up to be in charge of functions of deciding and directing security operations in the country. The president will be the commander in chief of the Armed Forces and the chairman of the council. The other members of the council will be the prime minister, the minister of national security, the secretary to the Cabinet of ministers, the additional secretary to the Ministry of Defense, the secretary to the Ministry of Defense, the secretary to the Ministry of National Security, the general officer commanding general operations, the commanders of the Navy, Army and the Air Force, the inspector general of police, the director general of the intelligence security, and the security advisor to the president.

A communique issued by the presidential secretariat yesterday added that regulations made by the president and the Section 5 of the Public Security Ordinance has been gazetted.

Minister on Attempts To Restore Civil Normalcy

BK111412 Colombo International Service in English 1030 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Excerpt] The minister of education, youth affairs, and employment, Ranil Wickremasinghe, has said that the government is attempting to restore the normal civil administration soon in the north and the east, but for this terrorism has to be eliminated. The minister was speaking at the 5th-anniversary celebrations of the (Mahapola Adyanantha) Madya Mahavidyalaya [high school] in Alpitiya yesterday.

Mr Wickremasinghe emphasized that no room would be left for the amalgamation of the northern and eastern side. He said the government was not ready to hold talks with the Tamil United Liberation Front, but it was ready to have discussions with the representatives elected through the ballot. He was asked whether there were any means of eliminating terrorism other than the use of military. The minister pointed out that the cooperation of the people was necessary in making this effort a success.

Two Arrested for Funding Separatist Movement
BK111314 Colombo Domestic Service in English 1245 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Two persons, including a former member of Parliament of the eastern province, have been taken into custody for allegedly funding the Eelam [separatist] movement. This was stated in a press release issued by the Ministry of State, which added that security forces also arrested two terrorist suspects during the combing-out operation in the north last Saturday.

A number of items have been recovered during the operation. These included 9 lifesaving suits used by the Navy, oxygen cylinders used for diving, a pair of diving suits, 1 telephone switchboard, 7 fans, 7 typewriters, 8 telephones, a photocopy machine, 15 sticks of gelignite, and 8 bundles of cloth.

Ceremonies, Parade Mark Revolution Anniversary

Khomeyni Message

LD111831 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Message from Imam Khomeyni to parade held in Tehran 11 February 1985 on occasion of the 6th anniversary of the Islamic Revolution — read by announcer]

[Text] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. Relying on the power and force of almighty God and his special attention and blessing, which since the beginning of the revolution has been granted to our courageous and revolutionary nation, a nation oppressed throughout its history, hoping that with the special blessing of the great regent of God, may our souls be sacrificed for Him, this great blessing might continue, another year of the revolution that relies on Almighty God has passed with honor and heads held high.

On this 11 February, the day of God is here despite all fluctuations. The conspiracies of the world devourers and parasites depending on them which reached a climax during the past year, each of which would have sufficed to crush and isolate any regime, were all foiled one after the other with the helping hand and blessings of Almighty God. This new creation following the path of Ebrahim and Mohammad is continuing its growth, power and fame and is moving forward. Its worldwide reputation has alerted the oppressed nations all over the world and has caused the oppressed to revolt against the oppressors. There is hope that the bright sun of Islam will shine on the people of the world and prepare it for the appearance of the savior of the world.

During this period, extensive activities by satanic powers have been carried out both directly and through their corrupt agents or their ignorant and helpless lackeys at various levels in order to break the resilient morale of the nation and of the Iranian Armed Forces as well as to help the morale of the morbibund Iraqi Aflaqi forces. These activities continue; actually they are increasing daily. They have not spared any means, no matter how disgraceful and blatantly corrupt, from the indiscriminate assassination of innocent passers-by in streets and markets to explosions resulting in the death of children and old people, from stealing from stores and houses to hijacking planes and torturing or killing ordinary people.

Although in the past few years they have realized that the great Iranian nation which has risen in order to revive the dear Islam and the rule of God is not affected by such methods. With the blessing of Almighty God, the power of determination and military force and the unity of the various parts of the nation is increased every year while the weakness of the morale and ill fortune and poverty of the enemies, especially the Saddamists, is also increased, they do not stop at any lie and slander and false accusation in their mass media all over the world. Those who hoped in vain to relive the Qadesiyyah battle [reference to battle between Arabs and Persians in early days of Islam] and thus became puppets in the hands of satanic powers and placed themselves on the downward slopes of death and misery, are today made sleepless and uneasy because of their fear of the power of Islam and the armed forces that rely on Almighty God. They are now resorting to any means to lengthen their life of crime and betrayal by a few days.

The world-devourers who bear glittering names and chant slogans claiming to defend human rights, to seek peace and tranquillity in the world and to support workers and farmers, are attacking the oppressed masses of the world and are adding to corruption, terror murder and theft all over the world. They feel the approaching threat of the awakening of the masses who have been oppressed and deprived all through history, and are now trying to deceive them.

All the comings and goings supposedly aimed at getting rid of destructive weapons that threaten the world are nothing but slogans. No wise person would believe that these people would stop such efforts and take pity on humanity. It is not far-fetched to think that the U.S. purpose for holding disarmament talks with the Soviet Union may be twofold: One to deceive the people of the world, to attract their attention and to extinguish the fire burning in the hearts of the oppressed peoples of the world against the growing illegitimate interests of this super-aggressor, and, two, to deceive the USSR and its allies in order to maintain its nuclear superiority.

The oppressed people of the world should be alert and vigilant and should not be deceive by such conspiracies and tricks. They should continue their efforts toward freedom and liberation from colonialist and oppressive ties. They should realize that those who chant slogans supporting human rights are its biggest violators who do stop at nothing to further their oppressive aims and commit any crime Today, the fresh wind of alertness is blowing and the deceptive conspiracies of the oppressors have been somewhat exposed.

It is now time for the real sympathizers of the oppressed, from whatever tribe or nation and in any country, to expose the crimes of the oppressors all through their dark history by using their pens, their speeches or their thoughts. The dossiers on aggressions should be handed to the people of the world, and the ulema and thinkers all over the world, and especially Islamic ulema and theologians, should unite and rise in order to liberate mankind from the oppressive domination of this dishonest and cunning minority that is using plots and confusion in order to expand its oppressive domination all over the world.

They should use their speech, their writings and their actions to eliminate the false fear and terror that hangs over the oppressed people. The books recently published by the hands of colonialism showing through the filthy sleeves of these slaves of Satan, which add fuel to the fire of discord between various tribes of Muslims, should be destroyed. The roots of discord, the origin of all problems of the oppressed and Muslims, should be annihilated. United and in unison, they should turn against the mass media which during many hours of the night and day devote their time to spreading discord, rumors, lies and divisions.

They must rise against the source of terrorism centered in the White House, for if one tries to find the roots, one will see that what has been, and still is causing the deaths of U.S. Marines and soldiers in Beirut and elsewhere in the form of great explosions, emanates from the palaces of oppression, particularly from

the White House. They expect to be able to crush mankind from centers of oppression throughout the world while the oppressed and deprived peoples should respond by waving their hands and welcoming them with rejoicing. These explosions and similar acts by the oppressed peoples of the world are reactions to your oppressions and intolerable aggressions; they are inevitable unless you reconsider your oppressive practices. Iran has had no part in any of these explosions. Officials from the Islamic Republic have repeatedly stated this.

Now, I wish to make a few points, even though they may be repetitive — "Reminders assist the believers" [Arabic saying]. Today the war is the country's most important issue. The members of the dear nation should be aware that they are living in a country that has been engaged in a war for more than 4 years, and that has presented many great martyrs to Islam and the revolution. If there are certain shortages as a result of the war which was imposed on us by the superpowers, today Islam is confronting the entire world of blasphemy. If there is the lightest hesitation in this vital issue we will be delivered such a blow that it will not be remedied very easily. The enthusiasm and fervor for defending the Islamic homeland and Islam should be kept alive in all hearts.

Today the esteemed Armed Forces in charge of protecting the countries' borders and boundaries and in charge of maintaining order within the country, from cities and villages to communication routes interconnecting them, and who are in charge of defending the country in the battlefronts as well as of protecting those who are wronged, as also the military forces, the security and popular forces — and my feeble pen is unable to express my thanks and gratitude to them — have important and difficult duties. Thanks be to Almighty God, as the result of the transformation that has taken place in the entire nation, especially in the young people, as a result of the grace of Almighty God and the prayers of the saints, especially the Hidden Imam — may my life be a sacrificed unto him — there is great hope that the Islamic nation may be safeguarded against the harm of the powerful aggressors and misguided mercenaries.

The beloved ones who in the defense of Islam and the Islamic homeland are fighting with devotion at the fronts — and the depth of their spiritual and mystical qualities and the great value of their efforts cannot be estimated by anyone except Almighty God, and there is no need for the likes of this writer to refer to them -- should put greater trust in the assistance of Almighty God, for human powers are impotent in the face of God's assistance.

My dear ones, you are victorious and successful, whether you achieve visible success in the path of Almighty God, or whether you are martyred, wounded or imprisoned. Almighty God is with you, and the powerful arm of the hidden imam, which is God's arm, is behind you. Whoever arises for the sake of God the glory of Islam and the salvation of the deprived people will harbor no fear concerning the events of the world. You are the followers of the Prophet of God who endured unbearable pains in the path of God's religion, who accepted great hardships in Mecca when he was the object of so much pressure, slanders and insults; and in Medina when he was subjected to so many crushing wars and defensive actions. Nevertheless, His Holiness and his faithful followers remained steadfast like a mountain and served Islam and the Muslims.

You are the followers of the commander of the faithful [Imam 'Ali] and his children who welcomed any pain and calamity in the path of God.

My dear brothers, do not fear the idle talk, slanders and labels used by the enemies of God, Islam and the Islamic homeland; for the greater the volume of the lies that are the result of their complexes and the pain of their military and political defeats, the clearer is their despair and feebleness. They should further increase your serenity, confidence and activities. Those who in their own view have the interest of Iran at heart and who falsely claim to be concerned about the Iranian nation, wish to have an Iran run by American advisers. They wish to see an Iran dependent upon and affiliated with the aliens. They want the Iran of the time of the Pahlavis, which was immersed in moral corruption and which brought shame upon human dignity. They want an Iran whose leader would plunder the wealth of the deprived people and would fill their pockets, and whose resources are in the hands of the well-to-do and upper-class people, an Iran in which oppressed people and slum-dwellers burn in the fire of poverty and deprivation and where nobody is concerned about their plight. Finally, they want an Iran whose so-called first person would bend his neck like a beggar in front of the American president, so that he is able to crush the deprived people. They regard that kind of Iran as independent and thriving, while today when, as a blessing of Islam, the children, the youths and the aged have all been awakened and transformed and when they have cut off all the imperialist and colonialist chains, and with clenched fists they have expelled America and its lackeys from the country, they regard Iran as dead and dependent.

It is you, the illustrious nation, that should remain firm like a lofty mountain in front of all the difficulties, and Almighty God is with you.

I urge all the officials and high-ranking individuals of the nation to appreciate the worth of these hezbollahi youths and to show gratitude to them. You should encourage them and protect them in your warm embrace. It was the same people who saved Iran, and in the future it will be the same people who will safeguard the revolution. It is these very people who at a very low cost and in a short time achieved amazing feats through their special endeavors; something which no one imagined could be performed in Iran. These committed minds should be encouraged so that they flourish. The officials should not reject the original owners of the revolution through baseless excuses, in order to replace them with those who are the heirs of the former regime and who are intellectually dependent upon that regime.

Of course, you should make use of committed, or at least non-hostile, experts. However, this should not be done at the expense of rejecting the original owners of the revolution. You should open your eyes and ears because the enemies are skillful tricksters and may make use of your simple-mindedness and gradually direct the revolution toward West or East. May God save all the Muslims from the evil of the enemies of Islam and the plunderers of Islamic countries.

Two [as heard], after the issue of the war, we start with religious seminaries and universities which, in fact, are the pulsating heart of the nation. We know that these two centers, which are, in fact, two branches of one blessed tree and two arms of the spiritual body, if they turn toward righteousness and if they retain their spiritual commitment and if hand-in-hand they arise in unity in serving God and the people, they will bring the nation to its perfection in both the spiritual and material dimensions. They will protect freedom and independence in the country, and like a mighty dam and strong foundation they will withstand the onslaught of the aliens and the infiltration of corruption. They will direct the nation and the country with an upright gait and unfurled banners toward progress and advancement. However, God forbid, if they are forced to deviate from any of their spiritual and national duties, they will do to the country what was done by the affiliated universities during the affiliated regime, which is still afflicting our Islamic homeland and nation.

There is no doubt that our scientific difficulties, and our economic, cultural and social difficulties, even our difficulties in the imposed war, and the problems that have been caused by those who are affiliated with one of the two domineering blocs, are all the results of the evil influences of West or East-afflicted universities and the anti-Islamic and anti-national intellectuals. The hostile attack of Reza Khan on Islamic seminaries and religious beliefs — which is clear to all who experienced those evil days and which cannot be described in words — and even the more pernicious attack of the East and West-stricken persons on universities and educational institutions of our children and youths, led the country to the edge of the precipice.

It was no accident that those who were educated in Eastern and Western institutions and those who set claim to be nationalists did their best to to create animosity between the two most effective strata of the universities and religious seminaries. It was no accident that Reza Khan regarded it as his mission to destroy the signs of religion throughout Iran, to impose suppression and dictatorship and despotism. His son, who was even more dangerous than himself, also did his best to destroy the signs of religion in a new guise. However, with the assistance of Almighty God and the prayers of his holiness the Hidden Imam, may our live be a sacrifice unto him, and as the result of the efforts, endeavors and self-sacrifices of men and women, young and old, this nation was saved from the exile of the satanical government affiliated to America and from the evil of the East or West-afflicted individuals. With the establishment of the Islamic government, these East and West-stricken individuals turned their backs upon that government and turned their faces towards their goals, the East or the West, and with their pens and activities they arose against the Islamic government and engaged in various forms of clamor and propaganda.

These individuals who receive their inspiration from the East and the West are, basically, against Islam itself and do not want the independence and freedom established by it. Some of them are also against the cutting off of America's hands. The main point is that the dear nation, generally, and the committed experts, particularly, and the government officials, most particularly, should attach special importance to these man-making institutions and valuable assets, and with all their might try to strengthen and support them. The esteemed religious seminaries and the illustrious professors, side by side with the teaching of the Koran, jurisprudence and related subjects, should pay special attention to the enhancement of moral standards and Islamic culture which is the basis of everything, for "if the learned man is put right, the world will be put right, and if he is corrupted the world will be corrupted." [Arabic saying].

The esteemed three powers which are the foundation of the Islamic government and the regime of the Islamic Republic should be the object of public esteem, and each of them has some divine duties:

a. The members of the esteemed Islamic Consultative Assembly in the second session are, thanks to God, honorable individuals, who, with their commitment and efforts, can decide the policies of the government. Of course, there is no doubt that some of the gentlemen whose services toward the beloved Islam and the dear country cannot be doubted are not experts or have little knowledge of the diverse affairs of the country and its very complex difficulties. They themselves are fully aware that one cannot pass superficial judgement concerning very difficult problems of a revolutionary government, a country under attack by big and small powers, and the difficulties created for it by hostile and ill-disposed enemies from the East and West, which require individuals who are expert in various fields. One must not express one's own views without being aware of all the political and social issues and heedless of the repercussions of those views both inside and outside the country. The expressions of such views, even by a small number of people, may have a negative effect upon the destiny of the country.

Therefore, it is necessary that in all the Majlis committees, and especially its important committees, a number of experts who can have an overall view of the issues and who are aware of the complex difficulties of the country should be invited, so that the issues are investigated in consultation with them. As the issue concerns Islam and the revolutionary government, any slackness in this matter may lead to problems that are difficult or impossible to solve. In the sight of God, the responsibility for such negligence is very grave.

In this age, and in view of the situation prevailing in the world, and in view of the plots that are hatched against the noble system from the left and the right, and from far and near, the protection of the system of the Islamic Republic is a most important duty, from both an intellectual and a religious point of view. No other issue can be compared with this, and any inattention concerning it is rationally inadmissable. The honorable deputies who, thank God, are committed to the Islamic Republic, whether in their pre-agenda speeches or during normal Majlis discussions, should pay attention to the tone of their remarks and the method of their delivery, lest they do not insult another Muslim or another human being, so that another person's character has not been dishonored, and so that they do not cast aspersions upon another character. Of course, healthy and positive criticism, without any personal prejudices or, God forbid, without any desire to take revenge, is necessary and useful and will lead to progress and improvement. Every person in his innermost being is aware of the true motivation behind his behavior, remarks and writings, and everything is clear in the sight of Almighty God.

You should be aware of the great volume of the work of the judiciary and, even more so, of the executive branches. You should put yourself in the place of any of the officials in any of the judicial courts or executive affairs: so that it may be made clear to you that it is easy to issue instructions, to criticize and to find faults. However, nobody is able to act upon and solve all these difficulties of a revolutionary period 100 percent.

The honorable Majlis deputies should bring to mind other revolutions in history and compare them with the Islamic Revolution of Iran, so that they may become better aware of the miraculous significance of this revolution and the volume of worthy works performed by the three powers.

Even so long after its so-called mass revolution, the Soviet Union is unable to achieve self-sufficiency in agriculture. If America would deny it food, it could be brought to its knees. Think about the explosions, assassinations, strikes, robberies and violence throughout the world, even in those countries that seem advanced to you — such as England or France, or even America — and be fair in your judgement.

Those who are the result of the complaints of a few individuals think that the people are dissatisfied are mistaken, because today great demonstrations and strikes throughout the world, such as the months-long strike in England — that so-called cradle of civilization, politics and power — have disrupted everything, and diverse demonstrations and strikes can be seen in France and other so-called civilized countries, and there are many acts of opposition by parties toward different governments, such as in India and Pakistan. However, thank God, in Iran which is faced with the opposition of many large and small countries, our dear and committed workers continue their constructive work and efforts and nip in the bud any conspiracy, even before it has any chance of success, and do not allow the agents of the world of arrogance to make factories strikebound.

You gentlemen and officials, in whichever capacity you serve, should move forward, with the strength of character, the power of faith, reliance upon Almighty God, glorified by His might, and reliance upon the prayers of his holiness the hidden imam, may my life be a sacrifice unto him, for the sake of preservation of the divine order of the Islamic Republic; and do not be afraid of the propaganda and hue and cry of mass media which make mountains out of molehills, for Almighty God is with you, "and His assistance suffices." [verse from the Koran]

However, the esteemed Council of Guardians which is the guardian of the holy precepts of Islam and the Constitution, enjoys my full support. Their duty is extremely sacred and important; and they should act decisively on their duties. Of course, they pay heed to the importance of safeguarding the order of the Islamic Republic; no other issue can compare with it in importance. One should not refrain from any effort to protect it. It is clear that due to their commitment, the gentlemen will not be influenced by any trend of thought. God willing, they will be successful.

Three, the esteemed judiciary, considering that it deals with the honor and property of people, is of great importance. The Islamic Republic inheritied a so-called Justice Ministry, a system of judgement devoid of Islamic decrees; it was dependent on aliens' judgement; it inherited it under such grave and important conditions as to raise the question of the judges and the Islamic shari'a's judgement. Any changes in the system, however preliminary, posed a mammoth task. Considering that religious seminaries, which were to train fully qualified judges, were regrettably removed from all matters, particularly judgement, the efforts of grand ulema and prominent religious scholars were confined to dealing with jurisprudence books and certain contract books. Consequently they were unable to train hundreds of fully qualified judges.

Consequently, in order to remove the judges who were oblivious of Islamic precepts and were possibly anti-Islam, a number of religious scholars who were familiar with issues of judgement, although superficially, were authorized to practise their profession in order to prevent transgressions against the nation and avoid any disruptions in the judiciary, which might have led to chaos. As a result, the seminaries were called upon to provide further support in training judges, so that this important and vital matter could be accomplished in a proper manner, although it might take a long time. So far, as a result of efforts made by the Judicial council, impressive progress has been made, although it is not yet enough. I am therefore appealing to religious seminaries to exert great efforts in this connection, so that this predominant and important issue may be properly met. I also appeal to the esteemed Judicial Council to take utmost care with regard to the selection of judges, be it those who are considered competent or those who are to be engaged as authorized judges.

They should also practise supervision, as much as possible, over the quality of work of the esteemed judges; should they notice any aberration, committed unwittingly, then they should rectify it. However, God forbid, if these mistakes proved to have been made deliberately, then they must take decisive action to deal with them. They must not allow infiltrating and uncommitted individuals to find their way into this sacred Islamic system. They should also demonstrate special consideration toward prisoners, so that those deserving religious punishments may not escape divine punishment or, God forbid, any innocent individual may be unjustly punished. Consequently, oversimplification should not be practiced, so that the deviationists and released corrupt individuals may continue their corrupt acts, nor should anyone who does not practice such acts remain in prison even for a day.

Judges must be strict in implementing judicial standards, once they apply valid religious conditions. They should not be influenced by emotions and irrelevant climate, thus ignoring God's decrees, nor should they deprive God's creatures of kindness, influenced by the climate created by the deviationists and avengers, contrary to divine standards, for both are considered excessive and wasteful and are contrary to divine justice.

The gentlemen of the Judicial Council, as well as the esteemed judges throughout the country, must realize that under no circumstances are they safe from false propaganda, accusations and charges. Consequently, falling for such things and, God forbid, stepping beyond the bounds of moderation and divine justice as well as the straight path are regarded as deviation. Therefore, avoiding them is a divine duty.

As for the esteemed executive, whose responsibilities are extremely great and whose sphere of action is extensive, it has an invaluable task, whose spiritual dimension cannot be assessed except by Almighty God, as far as the correctness and propriety of its action, the honesty of its intentions, and its anxiety for the country and the nation under tyranny and oppression in the course of history; also its service to the entire nation and the oppressed and weaker strata, who until today have shouldered the burden of the revolution from the time of despotism to the time of victory. Even today it rests on their shoulders and we are all indebted to them for it.

Your officials and statesmen of, as it were, senior positions and lower positions: Beware. You are at the crossroads of happiness and ruthlessness. The crooked path belongs to Satan and the straight road belongs to God; beware, be extremely careful, for all of us are standing before the blessed presence of God. All actions emanating from the heart as well as those stemming from carnal desires, the spiritual memories and practical transgressions are exposed to him. If, as a result of your mismanagement, your moral weakness and action, any harm comes to Islam and Muslims — something of which you are aware and yet continue in your posts — then you are committing a great and lethal sin. It is then that God's great punishment will be administered to you.

Anyone, in any position, who feels inadequate — be it inadequacy in management or weakness of will power — must resign his post, without resorting to creating certain climates and giving in to carnal desires; rather he should have the courage to resign. For this is a just act and true worshipping of God. As for those who consider themselves good managers and administrators as well as servants of God's creatures, should these people remain aloof under the present circumstances they would be turning their backs to the people and their God, unless a more qualified or equally qualified persons are proposed.

The government will not succeed without appointing committed and specialist individuals; government officials must rely on their skill and commitment and service to the country and the nation when selecting their colleagues so that they may not be ashamed before God and the nation and so that they may achieve success in carrying out the affairs of the country, rather than achieving success in making friends, paying lip service, without bothering to think; for this would result in failure to serve the country. A good friend for officials is one who is of service in carrying out duties entrusted to him; he is a person who serves the nation, rather than his friends. Government officials must seek the assistance of scholars and committed specialists in order to be able to achieve success. They must advance toward what serves the interests of Islam and the country, while remaining united in ideas and methods. This is the correct Islamic policy. God forbid, they must never become involved in factional politicking, for they will face failure.

As I have repeatedly pointed out, the government will face defeat without the nation's participation, the expansion of private sectors which emanate from the deprived strata of the people and cooperation with the various classes of the people. To channel affairs toward state ownership and to leave the nation uninvolved is a lethal disease; it must be avoided. In this regard I have received many reports. The Cabinet is required to report the matter publicly, thus leaving the task to the public. The Cabinet must take this matter serously. It must be pointed out that those who are familiar with commerce — be it the deprived bazaar tradesmen, who have borne the brunt of Islam and the revolution, or experienced and committed Muslim experts — must participate in affairs.

The government and these friends must bear in mind that the freedom of the private sector should exist in a manner that would serve the interests of the deprived and oppressed people in the best possible way. It should not, however, resemble past practices, when a handful of ungodly people dominated all commercial and financial aspects of the nation. Again I would like to reiterate the question of serving the deprived people. I know that during these few years, when the country and the serving government were facing great difficulties, the volume of work carried out to help farmers in all fields has been impressive and miraculous. To be fair, the government has had great success in this particular field compared to what had been done during former regimes. Nevertheless, what has been done is still not enough still; for the rights of the deprived people have not been properly satisfied. Obviously, it is not because of any deliberate failure, rather because of the extent of needs as well as its extremely expanding aspect. The government must demonstrate cohesion in the absence of any internal differences, and devote its time to solving key problems that would resolve public difficulties. Furthermore, when it comes to important tasks, the most important task must be given priority. As for Cabinet ministers, they should view each other through fraternal and faithful eyes. They must support each other when facing difficulties. Similarly, the beloved nation should support the Government and other institutions as well; for without comprehensive support one cannot expect the government to to succeed.

Relying on Almighty God, who has helped us when we were facing great difficulties, they must remember that as long as the nation and the government remain steadfast in serving God and his creation, God's blessing shall continue.

Four, the media, particularly the Voice and Vision — these centers of public education — can provide invaluable services to Islamic and Iranian culture. The organizations with which the nation is in contact with daily, both visually and aurally, including the press and the Voice and Vision, must work harder in order to teach and properly educate the society through their articles, radio plays and other programs by using skilled artists who are committed, thus purifying society. They must stop the airing of undesirable and trivial arts. During the recent black 50 years, the dear nation was ensnared by corrupting magazine and newspapers, and, worse, the cinemas and radio and television, which through its programs, led the nation to the bosom of the West and Westernized people. The harm done by the media was more serious than the destruction resulting from artillery and tanks and other destructive weapons; for the destruction brought about by weapons are transitory, whereas cultural harm remains with us and is passed on to future generations. This was the case, as you saw and are still witnessing. Had it not been for God's special blessing as well as the lightning change by the nation throughout the country, then one could not have any idea about the fate of Islam and the country.

Today, when a few still survive from the corrupt regime, if they are not dealt with quite decisively, then, although it may take some time, they will threaten the country. Therefore any negligence in such a matter should be given greater attention.

Five, many thanks to the dear nation which during the long years preceding the revolution, during the exciting days of the revolution, and after the victory up to now have been present on the scene with all their selflessness, self-sacrifices in spite of hardships and pressures and have defended the great Islam and our dear homeland. On the fronts and behind the frontlines, the nation has stood like a wall of steel. I ask them to be very alert and vigilant, they should be very careful and stop Satans from penetrating these tight holy ranks and prevent them from spreading seeds of discord and division. These sons of the East and the West who are inheritors of the oppressive monarchical regime, deprived of the fruits of the nations' hard work and the resources of the country, are lying in waiting and intend to spread discord. They use their speeches and their pens and spare no lie and accusation to bring the Islamic Republic to its knees and to reach their dirty aims.

They spread rumors, lies and accusations in order to undermine your unity, which is a holy unity. They make use of the gullibility of some people. You dear nation who have hoisted the honorable flag of Islam and have broken the silence of the oppressed masses before the oppressors and bullies and have changed it into shouts and protestations. You who have taken the chants of Islam's "God is great" to the most remote corners of the world through the invisible frequencies of transmitters, be alert and remain faithful to your pact with the divine presence since Islam's defeat, God forbid, in Iran would mean the burial of Islam's divine teachings and ideology. Be alert since persistent termites, agents of international oppression, are trying to penetrate your ranks. Extend a hand of unity toward each other and side by side, united and in unison, protect and guard this divine gift that has been given to you after centuries. Do not allow yourselves to be weakened by shortages and inefficiences that are part and parcel of any revolution and which, thanks to its Islamic and popular nature are far less than in other revolutions. With the blessings of Almighty God, with your victory all will be put right.

Almighty God, we thank you for your limitless blessings, although our gratitude and that of all other creatures are nothing compared with your endless gifts.

Almighty God, if it were not for your blessings, we would not have been able to take even one step toward victory. Whatever exists comes from you as all powers are paper tigers. Protect us, the blind hearted, from selfishness and egocentricity. Give power and greatness to Islam. Grant alertness to Muslims, especially ulema thinkers and those in power, toward their duties and save the unity of Muslims with your powerful hands. Grant strength and resilience to the committed and courageous people of Iran. Grant final victory to the Armed Forces of Islam on the war fronts and behind the frontlines and bless the martyrs of Islam, particularly the martyrs of the imposed war. Grant health to the disabled and reward them. Grant patience and freedom to the captives and the missing and grant patience to the families and the next of kin of the martyrs, the disabled and the missing and reward them.

Peace be upon the great prophets and the imams, especially the last imam. Peace be upon the righteous.

[Signed] 11 February 1985, Ruhollah Musavi-Khameyni.

Musavi Praises Revolution

LD111339 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Excerpts] On the occasion of the anniversary of the victory of the Islamic Revolution of Iran, this morning, in the presence of the prime minister, Mir Hoseyn Musavi, in a special ceremony the first phase of the huge port complex of Shahid Raja'i in Bandar 'Abbas was commissioned. The Central News Unit reports that at the ceremony, minister of roads and transport, justice, energy, Friday imams and officials of Hormozgan Province were present and various parts of the complex which is unique because of its capacity and speed of loading and unloading facilities, were inspected by the prime minister and his entourage. In each part necessary explanations were provided by the officials in charge. The Shahid Raja'i port complex was build on a 70 billion rials budget and has 2,500 hectares of buildings. The complex has 33 jetties, 4,900 meters long. Our correspondent reports on the prime minister's trip.

[Correspondent] After recitations from the Koran and flag-hoisting ceremonies, the prime minister recounted the history of the days preceeding the revolution and events immediately after the revolution.

He said: Our nation does not fear the United States and the Americans. This is exceptional for Third World countries. In another part of his speech and referring to the sinister remarks made by those who claim that the Islamic Revolution has not done anything for the Iranian nation, the prime minister said: The most important result of the revolution was the crumbling of idols like the United States and elimination of the fear of the superpowers and annihilation of their colonialistic culture. America is now facing a noble nation like the Muslim nation of Iran which is standing strong and is ready to fight aggression. At the same time, we are seeking peace in the Persian Gulf and are ready to have relations with the Muslim nations of the world according to the foreign policy of the Islamic Republic.

Referring to the importance of the Ten-Days of Dawn in the Islamic Revolution and the fact that because of the blood of the martyrs shed during these 10 days, the Muslim nation of Iran led by the imam of the ummah is victoriously marching ahead, the prime minister commented on what Ronald Reagan said about U.S. vital interests in the Persian Gulf and attributed them to the criminal attention paid by American imperialism to important economic resources and the strategic location of the region and added: The fleet of the superpowers in the Strait of Hormuz has not been able to achieve anything because of the presence of a steadfast nation like Iran and will not be able to do anything.

The prime minister announced: The security that the United States enjoyed in our country before the revolution was a security provided by fuedals and pro-American capitalists who plundered all our resources. Now we are enjoying real security, security

under the blessings of the lord of the era, under the leadership of the imam of the ummah, and inspired by the holy ideology of Koran and Islam and with the selflessness and sacrifices of the alert nation.

Referring to the futile attemps of the pro-Americans and their agents to defend so-called human rights, the prime minister said: What you are calling human rights does not include the rights of a free human being. Why are you afriad of the rights of a free human being? Is it because free human beings would like to take their destiny and economy in their own hands and this would threaten you? Our nation has now taken its destiny and economy in its own hands. We are announcing to the world that we will deal with any problem that might arise in any way possible but we will never become servants to America or other bullies. Our nation is not prepared to lower its head before any power. Why is America still frightened of Iran's relations with Latin America? Why is American shedding crocodile tears for the countries of the Persian Gulf and trying to frighten them about the Islamic Revolution? Is it for any reason other than the fact that the Islamic Revolution is inviting these nations and countries to return to their own authentic cultures and this would result in their freedom from the claws of America and threaten the interests of the United States?

Mr Musavi finally invited all the Muslim nations to unite and to rely on Almighty God.

Velayati Speaks in Qom

LD111842 Tehran IRNA in English 1516 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Qom, Central Province, Feb 11, IRNA — Foreign Minister 'Ali Akbar Velayati Sunday spoke on the Islamic Revolution and its influence among Muslims and the oppressed of the world. He also talked about the conspiracies of global arrogance in suppressing the divine values advocated by the Islamic Revolution at a global level.

Speaking at a ceremony here to commemorate Bahman 22 (Feb. 11), the anniversary of the Islamic Revolution, the foreign minister said that the coming to power of Islamic Revolution in Iran destabilised the pillars of the world's oppressive powers. He said that some countries which were previously hostile to each other in the past are now allied together today against Islam and if a leftist Marxist Government had come to Power in Iran, it was more pleasant to the United States than the establishment of the Islamic Republic, said Dr. Velayati.

In conclusion, the foreign minister highlighted the conspiracies of the United States and its agents to prevent the ever-increasing influence and expansion of Islamic Revolution in a world level and urged for greater awareness and permanent presence of the people in the scene. He stressed that the United States and its flunkeys tried, by resorting to various political and propaganda schemes and through strengthening of subservient governments, to destroy Islam and check the influence and expansion of Islamic Revolution among truth-seeking nations.

Another ceremony was held here Sunday attended by head of the Supreme Assembly of the Islamic Revolution of Iraq (SAIRI), Hojjat ol-Eslam Mahmud Hashemi, as well as the head of the Mostazafin basij (mobilization) of the Islamic Revolution's Guards Corps, Hojjat ol-Eslam Rahmani, and a large number of Iraqi, Pakistani, and Afghan Mojahedin, deportees and theologians. During the ceremony, Hojjat ol-Eslams Rahmani and Hashemi delivered speeches on the achievements of the Islamic Revolution and the necessity of preserving its values.

Ardabili on Revolution's Gains

GF120612 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0430 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Excerpts] The ubiquitous people of Qom, like all their united compatriots in other parts of the country, honored the holy day of 22 Bahman [11 February] by staging a mammoth march.

In these grand ceremonies, the chief of the Supreme Court, [Musavi-Ardabili], while explaining the gains of the great Islamic Revolution, congratulated the great Muslim nation of Iran, and the martyr-nurturing people of Qom and martyrs' families in particular, on the occasion of the Islamic Revolution's anniversary. He said: What has taken place in Iran may be a very normal phenomenon for us, but those who saw Iran before the revolution are able to gauge the magnitude and miracle of this revolution.

The chief of the Supreme Court alluded to the dastardly efforts of counterrevolutionary groups affiliated with the East and West and said: The Ten-Days of Dawn mark the demise of the counterrevolution in Iran because their leaders had announced themselves that if they were not victorious in these days they would be finished. Hence, I declare that the counterrevolution in our country is dead and its agents have been purged from the ministries, organizations, and key posts and do not dare to commit treachery against the system. We wish to express our appreciation for the round-the-clock efforts and selflessness of the brothers of the courts, prosecutor's offices of the revolution, and the guards of the komitehs and corps for eliminating the counterrevolution.

Mr Musavi-Ardabili then referred to the heavy blows dealt by the Islamic Revolution to the interests of world oppression and the mercenary regime of Iraq and said: The powers of global oppression have now realized that Saddam is of no use to them. They are apprehensive of the establishment of an Islamic Republic in Iraq because they know that with the setting up of such a system in Iraq, they will encounter massive difficulties.

Resolution Calls for Attack

LD111435 Tehran IRNA in English 1320 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Tehran, Feb. 11, IRNA — Millions of Tehrani citizens today reiterated their allegiance with the leader of the Islamic revolution and the founder of the Islamic Republic, Imam Khomeyni when they shouted "Allah o Akbar" (Allah is the greatest) expressing their approval of the minutes of a resolution during their celebration demonstrations at Azadi Square in the capital. The resolution called for the continuation of the war until final victory over the aggressor Ba'thists is achieved. "We shall pro-

ceed towards the dear Qods after passing through Karbala (a city in Iraq where the shrine of Imam Hoseyn (as), is situated)", the resolution said to the approving roar of the crowd.

"While condemning the crimes of the criminal America and the aggressor Soviet Union all across the world we shall counter all the tricks and cultural, propaganda, political, military and economic plots of the satanic superpowers aimed at defeating the Islamic Revolution", the resolution said.

Expressing full support for the Iranian combatants fighting the aggressor Ba'thists, the resolution called upon them to launch an all-out attack against the Saddami forces to realize the downfall of the regime in Baghdad.

The resolution also stated the support of Iran for all the world's liberation movements and added that the struggle of the peoples of Iraq, Lebanon, Palestine and Afghanistan receive the wholehearted support of Iran and any compromise with the Western and Eastern arrogance and Zionists were condemned and rejected.

The crowd shouted its approval when the resolution referred to the support of the people for the leaders and organizations of the Islamic Republic of Iran. They also called for the expansion of the cultural revolution in all fields of the country's national life.

It also called on the government to pay more urgent attention to the implementation of an administrative upheaval in government set up, saying "a major rehaul of the administrative set up has been one of the country's vital necessities and we call on officials to pay more and more attention to this important issue."

Expressing their support once again for the country's administration, the resolution called on the Majlis and the Cabinet to deal with the infrastructural problems of the country through using the cooperation and potentials of all the people.

It also called for the strict response of officials towards those few who still wanted to spread immorality and vice in the society.

Parade Celebrates Anniversary

LD111319 Tehran IRNA in English 1307 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Tehran, Feb. 11, IRNA — Millions of Iranians today celebrated the 6th anniversary of the victory of the Islamic Revolution and the establishment of the Islamic Republic by streaming into the streets and renewing the memories of Bamhan 22 (Feb. 11) through shouting slogans and marching.

Six years ago on this day, Iranian people toppled the last bastions of the former regime and the final victory of the Islamic Revolution was realized.

Tehran's huge Azadi Square, basking under the unusually warm winter sun, started receiving marchers from the early hours of the day. The scene was reminiscent of the cold days of six winters ago when the same square was the scene of the biggest demonstrations against the former regime and for the establishment of an Islamic Republic.

Mothers carrying their infants, school kids shouting slogans, and the war-crippled wheeling in and reminding everyone of the national resolution to crush the aggressor Ba'thists, were lining Azadi Square.

People were addressing the United States and its lackey, Saddam, in their slogans, and the message was coming across very strong and clear. While they were celebrating the anniversary of the victory of the Islamic Revoluiton, Iranian people showed through their slogans that they know how their revolution is like a thorn in the eyes of the superpowers and their lackeys in the region. "Neither East, nor West, Islamic Republic," "Death to America, death to the USSR, death to Saddam".

Hamid Gudarzi, 40, one of the marchers in Azadi Square told IRNA that people's enthusiasm for participating in the anniversary celebrations was a warning for the enemies of the Islamic Republic. "I am sure when they see these demonstrations, they will think twice before devising any plots against our country," he added.

The mood was universal among the marchers. The Iranian ultimatum to Saddam against further bombing of civilian targets received the people's overwhelming support. Slogans were urging the government to deal with Iraqi aggressors in the most severe manner.

The official ceremony started at 0930 local time in the presence of President Khamene'i, the imam's son Ahmad Khomeyni, several ministers and military and civil officials with recitations from the holy Koran. Foreign guests of the celebrations, the Tehran diplomatic corp and an assertment of top-ranking officials lined the flanks of the review stand while hundreds of thousands of people stood watching. Several helicopters appeared in the sky and soon the whole crowd in Azadi Square was being showered with fresh flowers.

It was time to listen to the resolution and the crowd, through their unison shouts of "Allah o Akbar" (Allah is the greatest) approved every clause of the resolution.

Then it was time for a show of Iran's military might. More than fifty jet-fighters and scores of other military planes and helicopters flew overhead while millions of people in Azadi Square cheered them on. Then a military parade started, but the crowd was so thick that the parade was stopped for ten minutes before it was resumed. A Basij unit made up of Iraqi forces who live in Iran with their faces covered also marched along with Iranian forces.

With the parade coming to an end after several hours, the crowd of Tehrani citizens started back for their homes. Kids were still carrying balloons which had a caricature of the deposed shah with a big cross on it. Their faces, like their parents', showed how they cherished the memories of the victory of the Islamic Revolution and how they were looking forward to still better days for themselves and their fellow countrymen as well as all the oppressed people of the world. The determination in their faces had a very definite and clear message in it: These people were going to achieve what they had set out for no matter who plots what conspiracies.

"Yes son, we have come a long way and we are going to go a long way, and that is the story of our revolution," a middle-aged man was telling his teen-age son as they were walking home from a day well spent on celebrating one of the most profound historic events in the history of mankind.

Airshow Performed

LD111734 Tehran IRNA in English 1700 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Tehran, Feb. 11, IRNA — Seventy-nine Iranian Air Force planes flew over Azadi Square in today's massive gathering of the people on the 6th anniversary of the Islamic Revolution, said Air Force Commander Col. Houshang Sediq.

He said the planes were F-14, F-5 and F-4 fighters, as well as C-130 carriers and Boeing refuelers.

The airshow was at a time when "a large number of the Islamic Republic of Iran's warplanes are protecting our skies in the southern and western war zones, and in the Persian Gulf and the Khark Island," Col. Sediq said.

He added: "The Air Force of the Islamic Republic of Iran has enough capability and power to carry out its war missions and today's active participation of Air Force fighters...demonstrated part of this power."

"There is no reason why we should show our maximum (air) defence capability."

Opposition Members Arrested

LD121135 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1041 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Text] The public relations office of the Ministry of Information has announced in a statement: On the 6th anniversary of the victory of the Islamic Revolution of Iran and on the auspicious occasion of the Ten-Days of Dawn, with God's blessing and the alertness of the 36-million strong intelligence service, following the round-the-clock efforts of the unknown soldiers of the Lord of the Ages — God speed his auspicious advent — a fatal blow was dealt to the (Keshtgar) branch of the feeble, apostate, counterrevolutionary minigroup Feda'iyan-e Khalq, majority wing. A large number of corrupt individuals who followed the East and the West including cadres, members, and officers were arrested and a considerable quantity of arms, ammunition, and assorted printing and publication equipment and equipment for forging birth certificates, passports, driver's licenses, and a large number of intra-organizational documents were discovered.

Those who were arrested were the Feda'i adventurers in Kordestan and Gonbad, who after being exposed as the criminals who created the incidents in Torkaman Sahra and Kordestan, tactically changed their direction and their color to suit the interests of their masters.

In the statement, the Ministry of Information once again warns the deceived members of the minigroups affiliated to the East and the West to cease their blind obedience and absolute following, to break free of their organizational yoke, see the reality and justification of the Islamic Republic, cast aside their mischief, and return to the bosom of Islam and the heroic nation.

In another statement, the Ministry of Information announced: Following the repeated blows dealt to the corrupt monafeqin who are lackeys of world arrogance, in Tehran, Esfahan, and Mazandaran Provinces by the powerful unknown soldiers with God's blessing, 20 of these mercenaries were killed or arrested [as heard]. In continuation of their crimes, these mercenaries had martyred several innocent people, including a 65-year-old grocer, a 60-year-old butcher, a carpenter, a nuts vendor, and a hardware salesman.

In addition, 15 weapons, 30 bombs and grenades, 15 vehicles and a large number of intra-organizational documents and forgery equipment were seized from safehouses of these lackeys of world arrogance.

Opposition Actions Planned

AU091748 Paris AFP in English 1723 GMT 9 Feb 85

[Text] Auvers-sur-Oise, France, Feb 9 (AFP) — Massud Rajavi, a French-based leader of the Iranian opposition, today said there would be a week of anti-government action in 200 Iranian towns to mark the sixth anniversary of the overthrow of the shah.

He said it was being organised by the People's Mojahedin, of which he is leader, and concided with the third anniversary of his wife's death in a street battle.

Mr. Rajavi also criticised a decision by Abderrahman Ghassemlou, leader of the Iranian Kurdish Democratic Party, to have talks with the Iranian Government.

Mr Rajavi heads the Iranian National Resistance Council, which was formed in France in 1981 by former Prime Minister Abolhasan Bani-Sadr, the People's Mojahedin, and the Iranian Kurdish Democratic Party.

He said, "to accept dialogue with (Ayatollah) Khomeyni is to accept his legitimacy."

Mr. Bani-Sadr split from the National Resistance Council last year after a disagreement with Mr. Rajavi, his son-in-law, over what stance to adopt regarding the government in Tehran.

Demonstrators 'Invade' Office

AU111351 Paris AFP in English 1341 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Tehran, Feb 11 (AFP) — Some 300 demonstrators invaded the party headquarters of ex-Liberal Premier Mehdi Bazargan here today, as the Islamic Republic celebrated the sixth anniversary of its revolutionary victory.

The incursion, which ended after local militia intervened, followed a brief attack last night in which three rockets were fired at the Tehran prosecutor's office, according to witnesses. The rockets left damage but no casualties.

The left-wing Peoples Mojahedin, banned since 1981, claimed last night's attack in a message to AGENCE FRANCE-PRESSE in Paris. It had previously threatened a number of actions in connection with today's celebrations.

Today's demonstrators moved into the offices of the Iran liberation movement as Mr. Bazargan, prime minister in the provisional government after the revolution, was lecturing on the revolution.

The demonstrators smashed furniture and typewriters, threatening those present without actually attacking them, party officials said. Though some of those later evacuated said they were jostled, nobody was hurt.

Mr. Bazargan's party, which boycotted last year's legislative elections, charging democracy was absent, has been heavily criticised in the press.

Witnesses who described last night's rocket attack said guards opened sustained fire, and reinforcements surrounded the district, but the attackers fled. Damage to the prosecutor's office was light.

AFP: Liberian Tanker Believed Hit Near Khark

NC121048 Paris AFP in English 1024 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Excerpt] Baghdad, Feb 12 (AFP) — Iraq today claimed a new strike on a "large naval target," after it said that its forces had seized new Iranian positions on the central war front and inflicted heavy losses on Iranian troops.

A military spokesman said that the "naval target," the expression Iraq usually uses to designate oil tankers, had been hit near Khark Island, the site of Iran's largest oil terminal.

(Shipping sources in Manama said that a Liberian-registered tanker, the *Fellowship-L* belonging to the Greek shipping company CERES, had sent a distress signal after being hit south of Khark.

(The 280,000-ton *Fellowship-L*, had just taken on a load of oil, the sources said. They said they had not been told of casualties or the extent of the damage.)

The attack brought to 29 the number of naval targets that Iraq has claimed to have hit this year, in a renewed effort to hinder Iranian oil deliveries.

Joint Staff Command Issues Communique No 2,001

LD111538 Tehran IRNA in English 1530 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Tehran, Feb. 11, IRNA — One Iraqi machine gun, two trucks, and eight positions and observation posts were demolished and one command vehicle was set ablaze in the western fronts during the 24 hours preceding Monday, announced the Joint Staff Command Communique No. 2001 released today. Iran's tribal guerrilla combatants infiltrated [the] enemy's defensive positions in Naft-e Shah Monday, inflicting effective blows upon the Iraqi forces, killing or wounding at least 80 of them and capturing two others. Also, 20 enemy weaponry positions were destroyed and some arms including an RPG-7 gun were seized from the aggressors.

The Islamic combatants smashed parts of Iraqi bunkers and positions with artillery fire and halted their engineering activities in western and northwestern battle scenes during the said period.

In Abadan and Khorramshahr operational regions, the Islamic combatants zeroed in on Iraqi positions west of Arvand River as a result of which eight various bunkers, one mortar launching pad, and one machine gun were destroyed.

A building was damaged in Abadan Sunday as Iraqi troops shelled the city with mortar fire, concluded the Joint Staff Command communique.

Fighting in Bakhtaran, Ilam Provinces Reported

LD112148 Tehran IRNA in English 1750 GMT 11 Feb 85

[Text] Bakhtaran, Bakhtaran Pr., Feb. 11, IRNA — The Islamic forces killed or wounded 21 Iraqi troops during clashes in the western fronts of Ilam and Bakhtaran in the past 24 hours.

One group bunker, two observation posts, and one vehicle of the enemy forces were also destroyed and their logistical and engineering activities were stopped.

Exchange of heavy weapons fire continued in most of western battle fronts, being more intense in Sumar and Qasr-e Shirin.

Lebanese Islamic Leader on Tripoli Bombing

LD111947 Tehran IRNA in English 1855 GMT 11 Feb 85

["Lebanese 'Alim Vows Revenge for Tripoli Blast" — IRNA headline]

[Text] Tehran, Feb. 11, IRNA — The leader of the Islamic Towhid Movement in north Lebanon today blamed Sunday's bomb explosion in Tripoli on infidels and vowed retaliation. More than eight people were killed and 25 others were wounded when a car packed with 40 kgs of TNT blew up in front of the group's headquarters.

"We will not pass by this so easily. We will take our revenge," Shaykh Sa'id Sha'ban said. "They (who planted the bomb) are a group of kuffar (infidels) who are warring with Allah and Islam.

"They are ruling Phalangist agents, or some Iraqi Ba'thists or Zionists. It does not make any difference. We see them all as one group."

In an interview with IRNA here Monday, the shaykh said the Towhid Movement had rooted out anti-Islamic groups in Tripoli "in a matter of hours," though some had been based there for 40 or 50 years. "We have prepared ourselves, and these are not unexpected incidents. Muslims in Lebanon are ready to give more martyrs."

Shaykh Sha'ban who is on a visit to the Islamic Republic on the occasion of the revolution's anniversary, said he had witnessed "the great signs of Allah" in Iran. He said the Muslim people of Iran had achieved a revolution by reliance on Islam. Now, he added, "They are trying to awaken the Islamic world and, in this path, they are ready for self-sacrifice."

He said Vilayat-e Faqih (rule of the Islamic jurisprudence) would preserve the Iranian nation and stressed that opponents of this concept of Islamic leadership sought the rule of Taghut (those who rebel against Islam).

Shaykh Sha'ban said Muslims had given a great many martyrs and should give more to "revive the dignity of Muslims."

"As it has been narrated from the prophet (s.a.w.)...'it is not permissible for my people to lie on a bed covered with silk and they should not forget Jihad.'"

KYODO Notes BBC Report on Khomeyni's Health

OW120125 Tokyo KYODO in English 0114 GMT 12 Feb 85

[Text] London, Feb. 11 KYODO — The British Broadcasting Corporation said Monday night that Iranian spiritual leader Ayatollah Khomeyni is reportedly very seriously ill, and his doctors believe he has few days to live, without specifying its source of information.

A spokesman for the Mujahidin Khalq organization, an Iranian opposition group, told KYODO NEWS SERVICE that they had so far received no information on this.

BBC television repeated the report late Monday night in its regular news. "Our Middle East correspondent says Khomeyni's death at this time could cause a major upheaval in Iran, with its growing discontent over the continuing war with Iraq, and Khomeyni has also failed so far to name a successor," it said.